

Anaphylaxis Emergency Plan for: \_

This person has a potentially life-threatening allergy (anaphylaxis) to:

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	□ Pean	uts   Other:			
	□ Tree	nuts	ngs		
	☐ Egg	□ Egg □ Latex			
	☐ Milk				
		Food: The key to preventing an anaphylactic emergency is absolute avoidance of			
		the allergen. People with food allergies should not share food or eat			
DUAT	-	unmarked /bulk foods or products with a "may contain" warning.			
PHOT	Expiry	Epinephrine Auto-Injector: Expiry Date:			
	Dosage	Dosage: ☐ EpiPen® Jr. 0.15 mg ☐ EpiPen® 0.30 mg			
		□ Allerject™ 0.15 mg □ Allerject™ 0.30 mg			
		Location of Epinephrine Auto-Injector(s):			
□ Previous Anaphylactic Reaction: Person is at greater risk.					
□ <b>Asthmatic:</b> Person is at greater risk. If person is having a reaction and l					
difficulty breathing, give epinephrine auto-injector before asthm					
medication. (Asthma Plan Posted)  The person having the anaphylactic reaction may display these signs and symptom: (please circle all that apply)					
	, swelling (face, lips, ton			. (please circle all triat apply)	
-	• • •	- , -		or tightness, threat tightness	
<ul> <li>Respiratory system (Breathing): coughing, wheezing, shortness of breath, chest pain or tightness, throat tightness, hoarse voice, nasal congestion or hay fever-like symptoms (runny, itchy nose and watery eyes, sneezing), trouble</li> </ul>					
swallowing					
· ·	/stem (stomach): nause	ea, pain or cramps, voi	miting, diarrhea		
o Cardiovascular system (heart): paler than normal skin colour/blue colour, weak pulse, passing out, dizziness or light-					
headedness, shock					
o <b>Other:</b> anxiety, sense of doom (the feeling that something bad is about to happen), headache, uterine cramps, metallic					
taste.					
o Other:					
Early recognition of symptoms and immediate treatment could save a person's life.					
Act quickly. The first signs of a reaction can be mild, but symptoms can get worse very quickly					
1. <b>Give epinephrine auto-injector</b> (e.g. EpiPen® or Allerject™) at the first sign of a known or suspected anaphylactic reaction.					
2. Call 9-1-1 or local emergency medical services. Tell them someone is having a life-threatening allergic reaction.					
	<ol><li>Give a second dose of epinephrine in 5 to 15 minutes IF the reaction continues or worsens.</li></ol>				
4. Go to the nearest hospital immediately (ideally by ambulance), even if symptoms are mild or have stopped. The					
				propriate period of observation as	
	nergency department physi y contact person (e.g. <sub>l</sub>		iours).		
J. Can emergenc	y contact person (e.g. )	parent, guardian).			
Emergency Contact Information					
Name	Relationship	Home Phone	Work Phone	Cell Phone	
				med person in the event of an	
anaphylac	tic reaction, as described al	bove. This protocol has	been recommended by the	e patient's physician.	
Parent/Guardian Sign	aturo Doto	Physician S	Pignaturo D	ato.	
Parent/Guardian Sign	ature Date	Physician S	Dignature Di	ate	